

Now I say, as long as the heir is a child, he does not differ at all from a slave although he is owner of everything, <sup>2</sup> but he is under guardians and managers until the date set by the father. <sup>3</sup> So also we, while we were children, were held in bondage under the elemental things of the world. <sup>4</sup> But when the fullness of the time came, God sent forth His Son, born of a woman, born under the Law, <sup>5</sup> so that He might redeem those who were under the Law, that we might receive the adoption as sons.

<sup>6</sup> And Because you are sons, God has sent forth the Spirit of His Son into our hearts, crying, "Abba! Father!" <sup>7</sup> Therefore you are no longer a slave, but a son; and if a son, then an heir through God.

(Galatians 4:1-7)

### **Context of Galatians**

- the Galatian believers were being compelled by Jewish false teachers to keep the Mosaic Law as an additional means of salvation
- Paul argues that the Law functioned to shut people up under sin until Christ (3:22-24)

### **Fullness of Time**

- 1. Status Prior to Christ
  - all were enslaved to the "elemental thing the world" both Jews and Gentiles
  - "elemental things" covers all things in which man places his trust apart from God, most notably, the varied forms of legalism

#### **Fullness of Time**

- 2. The Sending of the Son
  - "fullness of time" the divinely ordained for God's people to enter their inheritance as sons
  - "born of a woman" the eternal Son came as fully human and lived authentically as a man



## **Fullness of Time**

- 2. The Sending of the Son
  - "born under the Law" He live obedientify under the Law's obligations and He died substitutionally under the Law's curse

## **Fullness of Time**

- 3. The Purpose of His Coming
  - A. Redemption
    - the release from slavery through the payment of a price
    - freedom from the Law's enslaving curse through the death of Christ (cf. 3:13)



# **Fullness of Time**

- - results in a new, relational experience of God as "Father"

